



USN

10CV55

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 Hydrology and Irrigation Engineering

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART-A

- a. Explain the different methods of determing the average rainfall over a catchment due to strom. Discuss with merits and demerits of the methods. (10 Marks)
 - b. The normal annual rainfall at rain gauge stations A, B, C and D in a basin are 80.97,67.59, 76.28 and 92.01 cm respectively. In the year 1985 the station D was in operative and the stations A, B and C recorded annual precipitation of 91.11, 72.23, 79.89cm respectively. Estimate the rainfall at station 'D' in that year.
 - c. List out the applications of Hydrology in Engineering.

(05 Marks)

- 2 a. Discuss the factors that affect the evaporation from a water body.
 - b. Describe ISI standard evaporation pan, with a neat sketch.

(06 Marks) (08 Marks)

- c. The total observed runoff volume during a 6 hour storm with a uniform intensity of 1.5 cm/hour is $21.6 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^3$. If the area of the basin is 300km^2 . Find the average infiltration rate of the basin.
- a. Define Hydrograph and Unit Hydrograph and describe the step by step procedure of the derivation of a unit hydrograph from an isolated storm. (10 Marks)
 - b. Given the ordinates of a 4-h unit hydrograph as below derive the ordinates of a 12-h unit Hydrograph for the catchment. (10 Marks)

Time (h)	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44
UHG -4h	0	20	80	130	150	130	90	52	27	15	5	0

- a. What are the methods of estimating design flood? What are their limitations? (08 Marks)
 - b. Define Flood Routing. What are the uses of flood routing?

(06 Marks)

c. A culvert is proposed across a stream drainage an area of 185 hectares. The catchment as a slope of 0.004 and the length of travel for water is 1150m, estimate the 25 year flood of the rainfall is given by

$$I = \frac{1000 T_r^{0.2}}{\left(t + 20\right)^{0.7}} \, .$$

Where I is in mm/hour, T_r is in years and 't' is in minutes. Assume runoff co-efficient of 0.35. (06 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. What is the necessity of Irrigation? Discuss in brief the merits and demerits of Irrigation.
 (10 Marks)
 - b. Compare Surface and Subsurface irrigation.

(05 Marks)

c. Write a note on Border strip method of irrigation, with neat sketch.

(05 Marks)

a. Write a note on the following: i) Saturation capacity ii) Field capacity iii) Wilting point iv) Ready available moisture v) Frequency of irrigation. (10 Marks)

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- b. A loam soil as field capacity of 22% and wilting co-efficient of 10%. The dry unit weight of soil is 1.5gm/cc. If the root zone depth is 70cm, determine the storage capacity of the soil. Irrigation water is applied when moisture content falls to 14%. If the water application efficiency is 75%, determine the water depth required to be applied in the field. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain the terms 'Duty', 'Delta' and Base period of a crop and derive an relationship between them. (06 Marks)
 - b. What are the methods of assessment of irrigation water and why it is essential? (06 Marks)
 - c. A water course as C.C.A of 2600 hectares out of which the intensities of irrigation for perennial sugarcane and rice crops are 20% and 40% respectively. The duty for these crops at the head of water course are 750 hectares/cumec and 1800 hectares/cumec. Find the discharge required at the head of water course if the peak demand is 20% of the average requirement.

 (08 Marks)
- 8 a. Define Canal and explain various types of canals classified. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain how would you design the channel using Kennedy's theory for a channel of given discharge (Q), Rugosity(N), CVR (m) and bed width depth ratio (B/D). (10 Marks)