USN



10CV757

## Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016 **Solid Waste Management**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Kinish .

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

a. Define Land Pollution. What are the effects and control methods of Land Pollution?

(10 Marks) b. List out different sources of Municipal Solid Waste. Explain briefly. (10 Marks)

2 a. Explain with the aid of neat sketches, Hauled container system and stationary container system of collection of Municipal wastes. (10 Marks)

b. Describe Route Optimization process.

(10 Marks)

3 a. Brief out what do you mean by Mechanical volume reduction and Chemical volume reduction. (10 Marks)

b. Give list of component separation techniques. Explain them.

(10 Marks)

a. Define Incineration. Sketch and explain a typical Municipal Incinerator. 4

(05 Marks)

b. What are 3T's of Incineration process? Explain.

(10 Marks)

c. Explain Pyrolysis process with applicable to incineration process for Municipal solid waste. (05 Marks)

## PART - B

- a. Describe different design components which are to be considered for Aerobic composting 5 process. (10 Marks)
  - b. With the aid of neat sketch, explain the Bangalore Process of composting.

(10 Marks)

- 6 Explain the factors that govern the selection of site for Sanitary Land filling. (10 Marks)
  - What are the sanitary land filling methods? Explain briefly.

(10 Marks)

- a. Highlight the Open dumping method of disposing Municipal Solid waste with its advantages and disadvantages. (10 Marks)
  - Determine the land fill area required for a municipal solid waste management system with a population 50000, given that:
    - Solid waste generation = 350 gm/person/day.
    - ii) Compacted density of landfill = 504 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.
    - iii) Average depth of compacted solid wastes = 3m.

(10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

- a. Explain briefly the Biomedical waste classification and disposal.
  - b. Write a short note on Plastic waste, its environmental significance and reuse.