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Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019
Advanced Mathematics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Express square root of $1 - i$ in the form of $x + iy$. (07 Marks)
- b. Find the modulus and amplitude of the following and express each in polar form. (07 Marks)
 - (i) $1 - i\sqrt{3}$
 - (ii) $\frac{1-i}{1+i}$
- c. Expand $\cos^6\theta$ in series of multiples of θ . (06 Marks)
- 2 a. Find the n^{th} derivative of $e^{ax} \cos(bx + c)$. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the n^{th} derivative of $\frac{x}{(x+1)(x-2)}$. (07 Marks)
- c. If $y = \log(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})$, prove that $(1+x^2)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + n^2y = 0$. (07 Marks)
- 3 a. Find the angle between radius vector and the tangent of the curve $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the Taylor's series expansion of the function e^x about $x = 1$. (07 Marks)
- c. Obtain the Maclaurin's series expansion of the function $\log_e(1+x)$ up to third degree terms. (07 Marks)
- 4 a. If $\cos u = \frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}}$ prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{2} \cot u$. (06 Marks)
- b. If $x = r \cos \theta$ and $y = r \sin \theta$, prove that $JJ' = 1$. (07 Marks)
- c. If $x^y + y^x = c$, where c is a constant, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. (07 Marks)
- 5 a. Obtain the reduction formula $I_n = \int \sin^n x \, dx$, where n is a positive integer. (06 Marks)
- b. Evaluate : $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} xy(x+y) \, dx \, dy$ (07 Marks)
- c. Evaluate : $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-z} \int_0^{1-z-y} (x+y+z) \, dx \, dy \, dz$ (07 Marks)
- 6 a. Prove the following :
 $\beta(m, n) = \beta(n, m)$ (06 Marks)
- b. Prove that $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$ (07 Marks)
- c. Using Gamma function, evaluate the integral $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \, dx$ (07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.



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- 7 a. Solve : $(x + y + 1)^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$ (06 Marks)
- b. Solve : $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + x^2 + y^2 + x^2y^2$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve : $(x^2 - xy + y^2)dx - xy dy = 0$ (07 Marks)
- 8 Solve the following second order O.D.Es.
- a. $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = e^x$ (06 Marks)
- b. $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = \cos^2 x$ (07 Marks)
- c. $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = 2(1 + x)$. (07 Marks)
