CBCS Scheme

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15MATDIP41

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2017
Additional Mathematics – II

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: *Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Module-1

1 a. Find the rank of the matrix :
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$ by elementary row transformations. **(06 Marks)**

b. Solve the following system of equations by Gauss elimination method :
$2x + y + 4z = 12$
$4x + 11y - z = 33$
$8x - 3y + 2z = 20$. **(05 Marks)**

c. Find all the eigen values and eigen vector corresponding to largest eigen value of the matrix :
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$ **(05 Marks)**

OR

2 a. Solve the following system of equations by Gauss elimination method :
$x + y + z = 9$
$2x + y - z = 0$
$2x + 5y + 7z = 52$. **(06 Marks)**

b. Reduce the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ into its echelon form and hence find its rank. **(05 Marks)**

c. Find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ using Cayley – Hamilton theorem. **(05 Marks)**

Module-2

3 a. Solve $(D^2 - 4D + 13)y = \cos 2x$ by the method of undetermined coefficients. **(06 Marks)**

b. Solve $(D^2 + 2D + 1)y = x^2 + 2x$. **(05 Marks)**

c. Solve $(D^2 - 6D + 25)y = \sin x$. **(05 Marks)**

OR

4 a. Solve $(D^2 + 1)y = \tan x$ by the method of variation of parameters. **(06 Marks)**

b. Solve $(D^3 + 8)y = x^4 + 2x + 1$. **(05 Marks)**

c. Solve $(D^2 + 2D + 5)y = e^{-x} \cos 2x$. **(05 Marks)**

Module-3

5 a. Find the Laplace transforms of :

i) $e^{-t}\cos^2 3t$ ii) $\dfrac{\cos 2t - \cos 3t}{t}$. **(06 Marks)**

b. Find:

i) $L\left[t^{-5/2} + t^{5/2}\right]$ ii) $L[\sin 5t \cdot \cos 2t]$. **(05 Marks)**

c. Find the Laplace transform of the function : $f(t) = E\sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{\omega}\right)$, $0 < t < \omega$, given that $f(t+\omega) = f(t)$. **(05 Marks)**

OR

6 a. Find :

i) $L\left[t^2 \sin t\right]$ ii) $L\left[\dfrac{\sin 2t}{t}\right]$. **(06 Marks)**

b. Evaluate : $\displaystyle\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos 6t - \cos 4t}{t}\,dt$ using Laplace transform. **(05 Marks)**

c. Express $f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin 2t, & 0 < t < \pi \\ 0, & t > \pi \end{cases}$, in terms of unit step function and hence find $L[f(t)]$. **(05 Marks)**

Module-4

7 a. Solve the initial value problem $\dfrac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \dfrac{5dy}{dx} + 6y = 5e^{2x}$, $y(0) = 2$, $y'(0) = 1$ using Laplace transforms. **(06 Marks)**

b. Find the inverse Laplace transforms : i) $\dfrac{3(s^2-1)^2}{2s^2}$ ii) $\dfrac{s+1}{s^2+6s+9}$. **(05 Marks)**

c. Find the inverse Laplace transform : $\log\left[\dfrac{s^2+4}{s(s+4)(s-4)}\right]$. **(05 Marks)**

OR

8 a. Solve the initial value problem :

$\dfrac{d^2y}{dt^2} + \dfrac{4dy}{dt} + 3y = e^{-t}$ with $y(0) = 1 = y'(0)$ using Laplace transforms. **(06 Marks)**

b. Find the inverse Laplace transform : i) $\dfrac{1}{s\sqrt{5}} + \dfrac{3}{s^2\sqrt{5}} - \dfrac{8}{\sqrt{5}}$ ii) $\dfrac{3s+1}{(s-1)(s^2+1)}$. **(05 Marks)**

c. Find the inverse Laplace transform : $\dfrac{2s-1}{s^2+4s+29}$. **(05 Marks)**

Module-5

9 a. State and prove Baye's theorem. **(06 Marks)**

b. A can hit a target 3 times in 5 shots, B 2 times in 5 shots and C 3 times in 4 shots. They fire a volley. What is the probability that i) two shots hit ii) atleast two shots hit? **(05 Marks)**

c. Find P(A), P(B) and $P(A \cap \overline{B})$, if A and B are events with $P(A \cup B) = \frac{7}{8}$, $P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{4}$ and $P(\overline{A}) = \frac{5}{8}$. **(05 Marks)**

OR

10 a. Prove that $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + (B) - P(A \cap B)$, for any two events A and B. **(06 Marks)**

b. Show that the events $\overline{A}$ and $\overline{B}$ are independent, if A and B are independent events. **(05 Marks)**

c. Three machines A, B and C produce respectively 60%, 30%, 10% of the total number of items of a factory. The percentage of defective output of these machines are respectively 2%, 3% and 4%. An item is selected at random and is found defective. Find the probability that the item was produced by machine C. **(05 Marks)**

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