revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, \ be treated as malpractice

Isorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank ges.

Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, cq



## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2016 **Engineering Mathematics – III**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

Advar, Mangal

Find the Fourier series for the function  $\overline{f(x)} = x(2\pi - x)$  in  $0 \le x \le 2\pi$ . Hence deduce that 1

$$\frac{\pi^2}{8} = 1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots$$

(07 Marks)

b. Find the half-range cosine series for the function  $f(x) = (x - 1)^2$  in 0 < x < 1. (06 Marks)

c. Obtain the constant term and the co-efficient of the 1st sine and cosine terms in the Fourier series of y as given in the following table. (07 Marks

2 18 24 28

Solve the integral equation:

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f(\theta) \cos \alpha \, \theta \, d\theta = \begin{cases} 1 - \alpha, & 0 \le \alpha \le 1 \\ 0, & \alpha > 1 \end{cases}. \text{ Hence evaluate } \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^{2} t}{t^{2}} \, dt \, . \tag{07 Marks}$$

b. Find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = e^{-|x|}$ .

(06 Marks)

c. Find the infinite Fourier cosine transform of  $e^{-x^2}$ .

(07 Marks)

Solve two dimensional Laplace equation  $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$  by the method of separation of variables.

b. Obtain the D'Alembert's solution of the wave equation  $u_{tt} = C^2 u_{xx}$  subject to the conditions

 $u(x,0)=f(x) \text{ and } \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x,0)=0\,. \tag{06 Marks}$  c. Solve the boundary value problem  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}=c^2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \ 0< x<\ell \text{ subject to the condition}$ 

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}(0,t) = 0, \quad \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}(\ell,t) = 0, \quad \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x},0) = \mathbf{x}. \tag{07 Marks}$$

a. Find the equation of the best fit straight line for the following data and hence estimate the value of the dependent variable corresponding to the value of the independent variable x with 30. (07 Marks)

5 10 15 20 25 16 19 23 26 30

Solve by graphical method:

$$Max Z = x + 1.5 y$$

Subject to the constraints  $x + 2y \le 160$ 

$$3x + 2y \le 240$$

$$x \ge 0$$
;  $y \ge 0$ .

(06 Marks)

c. Solve by simplex method:

$$\max z = 3x + 5y$$

subject to 
$$3x + 2y \le 18$$

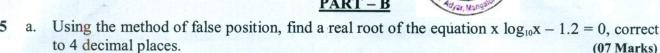
$$x \le 4$$

$$x, y \ge 0$$
.

(07 Marks)







b. By relaxation method, solve:

$$10x + 2y + z = 9$$
;  $x + 10y - z = -22$ ;  $-2x + 3y + 10z = 22$ . (06 Marks)

c. Find the largest Eigen value and the corresponding Eigen vector for the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  using Rayleigh's power method, taking  $x_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$ . Perform 5 iterations.

Find the cubic polynomial by using Newton's forward interpolation formula which takes the following values.

X	0	1	2	3
у	1	2	1	10

Hence evaluate f(4).

b. Using Lagrange's formula, find the interpolating polynomial that approximate the function described by the following table.

X	0	1	(20)	5
f(x)	2	3	12	147

Hence find f(3).

(06 Marks)

(07 Marks)

- Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{5.2} \log_e x \, dx$  using Weddler's rule by taking 7 ordinates.
- Solve  $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$  in the following square Mesh. Carry out two iterations. (07 Marks)

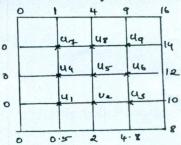


Fig. Q7(a)

The transverse displacement of a point at a distance x from one end to any point 't' of a vibrating string satisfies the equation :  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = 25 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  with boundary condition  $u(0, t) = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ 

 $\mathbf{u}(5, t) = 0 \text{ and initial condition } \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x}, 0) = \begin{cases} 20\mathbf{x} & \text{for } 0 \le \mathbf{x} \le 1 \\ 5(5 - \mathbf{x}) & \text{for } 1 \le \mathbf{x} \le 5 \end{cases} \text{ and } \mathbf{u}_t(\mathbf{x}, 0) = 0 \text{ solve by }$ 

taking h = 1, k = 0.2 upto t = 1.

- Find the solution of the equation  $u_{xx} = 2u_t$  when u(0, t) = 0 and u(4, t) = 0 and u(x, 0) = 0x(4-x) taking h = 1. Find values upto t = 5.
- Find the Z transformation of the following: i)  $3n-4\sin\frac{\pi}{4}+5a^2$  ii)  $\frac{a^ne^{-a}}{n!}$ . (07 Marks)
  - Find the inverse Z transformation of  $\frac{4z^2 2z}{z^3 + 5z^2 + 8z 4}$ .
  - Solve the difference equation:  $y_{n+2} + 6y_{n+1} + 9y_n = 2^n$ ; given  $y_0 = y_1 = 0$  using Z – transformation.