

USN

10ME64

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016

Finite Element Method

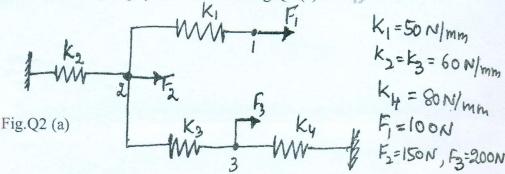
Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

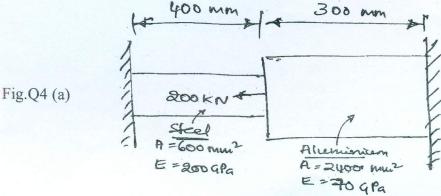
- 1 a. What is Finite Element Method (FEM)? Explain the steps involved in FEM. (10 Marks)
 - b. Differentiate between plane stress and plane strain problems. Also state the stress strain relations for both. (10 Marks)
- 2 a. State the principle of minimum potential energy and apply the same to determine nodal displacement of a spring system shown in Fig Q.2(a) (10 Marks)



- b. Using Rayleigh's Ritz method, derive an expression for maximum deflection of the simply supported beam with point load 'p' at centre. (10 Marks)
- 3 a. Derive the shape function for triangular element (CST Element) in natural co-ordinate system. (10 Marks)
 - b. Derive an expression for Jacobean matrix for a four noded quadrilateral element. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. A stepped bar is shown in Fig. 4(a).

 Determine i) The nodal displacement and nodal forces
 - ii) The stresses in each element
 - iii) The principal and shear stress in each element.

(10 Marks)





b. Solve the following system of equations by Gauss Elimination method.

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = 5$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 2$$

(10 Marks)

PART - B

Derive the shape function for a quadratic bar element using Lagrange's interpolation. 5

(10 Marks)

b. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^{+1} |3e^x + x^2 + \frac{1}{(x+2)}| dx$

Using one – point and two – point Gauss quadrature.

(10 Marks)

Derive the stiffness matrix for truss element.

(10 Marks)

For the two bar truss shown in Fig.6 (b), determine the nodal displacements. Assume E = 200GPa, $A = 6 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^2$ (10 Marks)

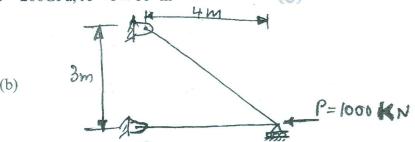


Fig.Q6 (b)

Derive the Hermite shape functions for a beam element.

(10 Marks)

For the beam fixed at both ends and loaded as shown in Fig.Q7(b). Determine the displacement and shapes at node 2, and reaction forces at node 1 only. (10 Marks)

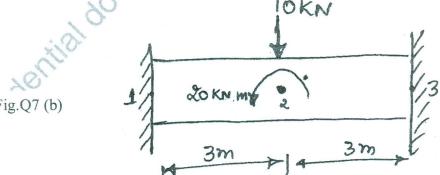


Fig.Q7 (b)

- Derive element conductivity matrix for one dimensional heat flow element.
 - Find the temperature distribution and heat transfer through an iron fin of thickness 5mm, height 50mm and width 1000mm. The heat transfer coefficient around the fin is 10W/m² K and ambient temperature is 28°C. The base of fin is at 108°C. Take K = 50W/m K. (10 Marks) Use two elements.