USN

18MBA13

First Semester MBA Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019

Accounting for Managers

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FOUR full questions from Q.No.1 to Q.No.7. 2. Question No. 8 is compulsory.

- What do you mean by Accounting? 1 (03 Marks) Explain heads of Income classification under Income Tax Act (07 Marks) What is IFRS and what are its objectives? (10 Marks)
- Differentiate between journals and ledgers. 2 (03 Marks) What are the advantages of Human Resource Accounting? (07 Marks)
 - c. From the following transaction prepare Accounting Equation. Commenced business with cash Rs.2,000,000 and land Rs.50,000.
 - Bought goods for cash Rs.80,000 ii)
 - Cash sales of worth Rs.25,000, goods worth Rs.20,000 iii)
 - Bought goods on credit of worth Rs.50,000
 - v) Sales on account to Mr. X. Rs. 12000, goods worth Rs. 8000.
 - Purchase furniture for cash Rs.5000 vi)
 - vii) Return defective furniture of worth Rs.1500 and received cash.
 - viii) Paid wages Rs. 1000, rent Rs. 2000 and electricity payable Rs. 1500. (10 Marks)
- a. What do you mean by window dressing? (03 Marks)
 b. Mr. Anees started business on April 1, 2018 with Rs.1,00,000 and other transaction are as
 - follows.

April, 2018, 2nd Purchased furniture for cash Rs.7000

April, 2018, 8th Purchased goods for cash Rs.2000 and for credit from Khalid Rs.1000

April, 2018, 14th Sold goods to Khan brothers Rs. 12000 and cash sales Rs. 5000

April, 2018, 18th Owner withdraw of worth Rs.2000 for personal use

April, 2018, 22nd Paid Khalid Rs.500

April, 2018, 26th Received Rs.10,000 from Khan April, 2018, 30th Paid Salary expenses Rs.2000

(07 Marks)

c. Son Pharma Ltd. purchased a second hand machine for Rs.20000 on 1st July 2015 and spent Rs.3000 on reconditioning and installing. The company purchased another new machine on 1st Jan 2016 for Rs.12000. The machine purchased on 1st Jan 2016 was sold for Rs.8000 on 30th June 2017. On 1st July, 2017 a new machine was purchased on installment basis and payment was to be made as follows: 1st July 2017 Rs.5000, Jan 2018 Rs.6000 and 30th June 2019 Rs.5500, payment made in 2018 and 2019 include interest of Rs.1000 and Rs.500 respectively.

The company charges depreciation at 10% under straight line method and follows financial year for closing books of accounts. Prepare machinery account for 3 years. (10 Marks)

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be the





List out the uses of Ratio Analysis.

(03 Marks)

b. Explain users of Accounting.

(07 Marks)

Enter the following transaction in triple column cash book.

Chandrika commenced business with cash Rs.20000. 2017, Jan 1st

She paid into current account Rs.19000 2017 Jan 3rd

She received cheque from Keerthi and Co. Rs.600 2017 Jan 4th

She pays in bank Keerthi & Co. cheque. 2017 Jan 7th

She pays Pattan & Co. by cheque and he is allowed a discount of 2017 Jan 10th Rs.20 and cheque issued for Rs.330

Tripathi & Co. pays into her bank A/C Rs.475. 2017 Jan 12th

She receives cheque from Varsha and allows her discount of Rs.35 2017 Jan 15th for 450.

She receives cash Rs.175 from cash sale 2017 Jan 20th

Deposited into bank Rs.1000 2017 Jan 25th

She pays by cheque for purchase Rs 275 2017 Jan 27th

She pays sundry expenses in cash Rs.50 2017 Jan 30th

(10 Marks)

a. What are the differences between direct tax and indirect tax?

(03 Marks)

From the following particular, prepare a balance sheet vertical form for year ended 3rd May 2018.

Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount
Land & Building		Cash at bank	10,000
Capital		Bills payable	9,000
Plant & Machinery	1.20,000	Sundry debtors	20,000
Net Profit	20,000	Bills receivable	7,000
Sundry Creditors		Cash in hand	30,000

(07 Marks)

From the following information prepare cash flow statement by indirect method.

From the following		31/03/2016	Assets	31/3/2017	31/3/2016
Cupital de Zias	0 1101		Fixed assets	31,00,000	30,00,000
Share capital	50,00,000			1,50,000	-
Reserve fund	15,00,000	40,00,000		75,00,000	78,75,000
Secured loan	35,00,000			40,00,000	35,00,000
Current liabilities	50,00,000	60,00,000	Cash & bank	2,50,000	1,25,000
	1,50,00,000	1,45,00,000		1,50,00,000	1,45,00,000
	1,50,00,000	1,45,00,000			for dividen

The net profit for the year after adjustment in respect of provision for dividend and taxation was Rs.10,00,000.

There was addition to fixed assets during the year amounting to Rs.4,00,000 and (10 Marks) depreciation for the year was Rs.3,00,000.

a. What do you mean by sustainability reporting?

From the following balances obtained from the few accounts of Mr. Balaram. Prepare the trading and profit and cost A/C.

Particulars (Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Stock (1 st April (7)	8,000	Bad debts	1,200
Purchase	22,000	Rent	1,200
Sales		Discount allowed	600
Purchase expenses		Commission paid	1,100
1 1	3,500	Sales expenses	600
Salary & wages Advertisement	1,000	Repairs	600

Closing stock on 31st March 2018 is Rs.4500.

(07 Marks)