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15EC52

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Digital Signal Processing

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Describe the process of frequency domain sampling and reconstruction of discrete time signals. (10 Marks)
- b. Using linearity property find the DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right)$ consider $N=4$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. State and prove the i) circular time shift ii) circular time reversal properties of DFT. (08 Marks)
- b. Solve by concentric circle or graphical method to find circular convolution $x(n) = \{1, 3, 5, 3\}$ and $h(n) = \{2, 3, 1, 1\}$. (04 Marks)
- c. Derive the expression for the relationship of DFT with Z-transforms. (04 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. State and prove the following properties :
i) Circular correlation
ii) Parseval's theorem. (06 marks)
- b. Consider a FIR filter with impulse response $h(n) = \{3, 2, 1, 1\}$. If the input is $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 3, 2, 1, -1, -2, -3, 5, 6, -1, 2, 0, 2, 1\}$. Find the output use overlap – same method. Assuming the length of block is 9. (10 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain the linear filtering of long data sequences using overlap-add method. (08 marks)
- b. An FIR filter has the impulse response of $h(n) = \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3 \right\}$. Determine the response of the filter to the input sequence $x(n) = \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, 2 \right\}$ use DFT and IDFT and verify the result using direct computation of linear convolution. (08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Develop DIT-FFT algorithm and obtain the signal flow diagram for $N = 8$. (08 Marks)
- b. Determine the IDFT of $X(K) = \{4, 1 - j2.414, 0, 1 - j0.414, 0, 1 + j0.414, 0, 1 + j2.414\}$ using inverse – radix 2 DIT – FFT algorithm. (08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Define chirp Z-transform. What are the applications of chirp-Z transform. (04 Marks)
- b. The DFT of the following sequence using DIF – FFT algorithm
 $x_1(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1\}$ (ii) using the results in (i) Find DFT of signal
 $x_2(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1\}$ consider $N = 8$. (12 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Module-4

- 7 a. Obtain the direct form I, direct form II, cascade, and parallel form realization for the following system. $y(n) = 0.75y(n-1) - 0.125y(n-2) + 6x(n) + 7x(n-1) + x(n-2)$. (08 Marks)
- b. Realize the system given by the difference equation :
 $y(n) = -0.1y(n-1) + 0.72y(n-2) + 0.7x(n) - 0.252x(n-2)$
 Use parallel form. Is this system stable? Determine its impulse response. (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Design an IIR digital filter that when used in the prefilter A/D – H(z) – D/A structure will SATISFY the following equivalent along specifications. (10 Marks)
- LPF with -1 dB cutoff at 100π rad/sec
 - stopband attenuation of 35dB or greater at 1000π rad/sec.
 - monotonic stop band and pass band
 - sampling rate of 2000 samples/sec.
- b. Obtain H(z) using impulse invariance method for the following analog filter 5Hz sampling frequency $H_a(S) = \frac{2}{(S+1)(s+2)}$. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Realize a linear phase FIR filter with the following impulse response.
 $h(n) = \sigma(n) + \frac{1}{4}\sigma(n-1) - \frac{1}{8}\sigma(n-2) + \frac{1}{4}\sigma(n-3) + \sigma(n-4)$. (06 Marks)
- b. Consider a 3-stage FIR lattice structure having the coefficients $K_1 = 0.65$, $K_2 = -0.34$, $K_3 = 0.8$. Evaluate its impulse response by tracing a unit impulse $\sigma(n)$ at its input through the Lattice structure. Also, draw its direct form-I structure. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. the desired frequency response of a LPF

$$H_d(w) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3w} & |w| < 3\pi/4 \\ 0 & 3\pi/4 < |w| < \pi \end{cases}$$

 Find the impulse response h(n) using Hamming window. Determine the frequency response of FIR filter. Consider N = 7. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain the following terms :
 i) Hamming window
 ii) Hanning window
 iii) Bartlet window. (06 Marks)

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