



Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2016/Jan.2017 Microwaves and Radar

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.
2. Use of Smith chart is permitted.

3. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

PART - A

1 a. Derive equations for voltage and currents for a transmission line. (08 Marks)

b. The characteristic impedance of a certain line is $\neg 10 | \underline{-16}^{\circ}$, when frequency is 1 KHz. At this frequency the attenuation is 0.071 NP/km phase constant is 0.035 rads/km. Calculate resistance, inductance, capacitance for 1 km and also velocity of propagation. (06 Marks)

c. Determine the input impedance of a 200Ω line, 3/8 wavelengths long terminated in a 100Ω resistance, using smith chart. Also find k in magnitude and angle. (06 Marks)

2 a. What are the properties of wave guide? Obtain the expression for Hz in the case of T.E. waves applying all boundary conditions.

b. The cut-off wave lengths of a rectangular waveguide was measured to be 8 cm and 4.8 cm when excited in TE₁₀ and TE₁₁ modes respectively. Determine the dimensions of the wave guide.

(06 Marks)

c. Explain the working of a four port circulator.

3 a. With a neat sketch explain how PIN diode acts as a switch. Find the expression for insertion loss. (08 Marks)

b. Explain RWH theory in GUNN diodes and give its constructional details. (06 Marks)

c. Calculate the operating frequency of a silicon based IMPATT diode with drift length of 2 µm and drift velocity of 10⁷ cm/sec. (06 Marks)

4 a. Give the S-matrix representation for multiport network. Also explain the properties of S-matrix. (08 Marks)

b. What is an H-plane Tee junction? Derive its S-matrix. (06 Marks)

c. What are phase shifters? Explain a rotary precision phase shifter with a neat sketch.

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Explain a magic Tee structure and its S-matrix. Also give its various applications. (08 Marks)

 b. What are micro strip lines? Explain the field distribution with a neat sketch. (06 Marks)
 - b. What are micro strip lines? Explain the field distribution with a neat sketch. (06 Marks)
 - c. A micro strip line is composed of zero thickness copper conductors on a substrate having $\epsilon_r = 8.4$, $\tan \delta = 0.0005$ and thickness and thickness 2.4 mm. If the line width is 1 mm and operated at 10 GHz. Calculate Z_0 , the attenuation due to conductors and dielectric loss.

(06 Marks)

- 6 a. Name the various types of RADAR. Derive the radar range equation. (08 Marks)
 - b. A 1 kW, 3 GHz radar uses single antenna with a gain of 30 dB. The receiver has noise band width of 1 KHz and noise factor of 5 dB. A target of echoing area of 10 m² at a range of 10 nautical miles is to be detected. Calculate the minimum S/N. (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain block diagram of a radar with a neat diagram and explain each block. (06 Marks)



10EC54

- a. Explain with a neat diagram the working of a coherent MTI radar. (08 Marks) (06 Marks) Explain the various applications of radar. c. Explain the need of delay line cancellers in MTI radars. Also give the characteristics of a
 - (06 Marks) single delay line canceller.
- Explain with a neat block diagram the working of a simple digital MTI signal processor.

(07 Marks) b. Explain the working of a moving target detector with block diagram. (07 Marks)

c. Explain with a neat block diagram the working of a pulse Doppler RADAR. (06 Marks)