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10EC44

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Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016

Signals & Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

- 1** a. Sketch EVEN and ODD components of the signal $x(t)$ shown in Fig. Q1 (a). (04 Marks)

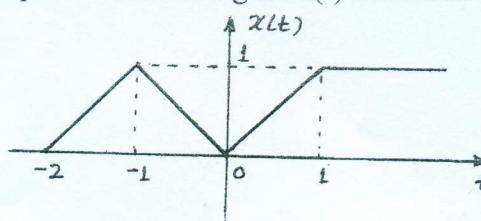


Fig. Q1 (a)

- b. Determine whether the following signal $x(n)$ is ENERGY or POWER signal:
 $x(n) = n; 0 \leq n \leq 5$
 $= 10 - n; 5 \leq n \leq 10$
 $= 0; \text{ elsewhere / otherwise}$ (04 Marks)
- c. Determine whether the following signals are periodic or not. If periodic find the fundamental period:
i) $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{8}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right)$
ii) $x(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t) + x_3(t)$ with fundamental periods of 3.2, 9.6 and 12.8 secs for x_1, x_2 and x_3 respectively. (06 Marks)
- d. A continuous time signal $x(t)$ is shown in Fig. Q1 (d). Sketch
i) $x(t)u(1-t)$
ii) $x(t)[u(t) - u(t-1)]$
iii) $x(t)[u(t+1) - u(t)]$ (06 Marks)

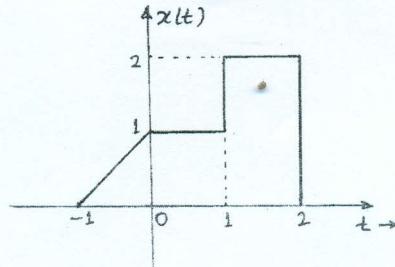


Fig. Q1 (d)

- 2** a. Determine and sketch the convolved output of the system whose input $x(t)$ and impulse response $h(t)$ are given as follows:
 $x(t) = e^{-3t} \{u(t) - u(t-2)\}; h(t) = e^t u(t)$ (10 Marks)
- b. State and prove the Associative property of convolution sum. (04 Marks)
- c. Find the unit step response of the following systems given by their impulse responses:

i) $h(t) = e^{-|t|}$ ii) $h(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$ (06 Marks)



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- 3 a. Determine whether the following systems defined by their impulse responses are causal and stable
i) $h(t) = e^{-3t}u(t-1)$
ii) $h(n) = 4^{-n}u(2-n)$ (06 Marks)
- b. Find the total response of the system given by differential equation,
 $y''(t) + 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = 2x(t)$ with $y(0) = -1$, $y'(0) = 1$ and $x(t) = \cos(t)u(t)$ (10 Marks)
- c. Realize Direct Form – I and Direct Form – II block diagrams for the system given by the difference equation: $y(n) + \frac{1}{4}y(n-1) - y(n-3) = 5x(n-1) + 3x(n-2)$. (04 Marks)
- 4 a. State and prove the following properties of DTFS:
i) Frequency shift
ii) Convolution
iii) Perseval's theorem. (12 Marks)
- b. Consider the periodic waveform:
 $x(t) = 4 + 2\cos 3t + 3\sin 4t$
i) Find the complex Fourier coefficients.
ii) Using Parseval's theorem, find the power spectrum.
iii) Find the total average power. (08 Marks)

PART – B

- 5 a. Find DTFT of the following signals:
i) $x(n) = \left\{ 1, 2, 3, 2, 1 \right\}$
ii) $x(n) = (0.5)^{n+2}u(n)$
iii) $x(n) = n(0.5)^{2n}u(n)$ (08 Marks)
- b. Using convolution theorem, find the inverse DTFT of $X(e^{j\Omega})$, given
 $X(e^{j\Omega}) = \frac{1}{(1 - ae^{-j\Omega})^2}, |a| < 1$. (08 Marks)
- c. Find inverse Fourier transform of $X(\omega) = \frac{j\omega}{(j\omega + 2)^2}$. (04 Marks)
- 6 a. Find the frequency response and impulse response of the system having the output $y(t)$ for the input $x(t)$ as given below:
 $x(t) = e^{-t}u(t); y(t) = e^{-2t}u(t) + e^{-3t}u(t)$ (06 Marks)
- b. Find the Fourier Transform representation for the periodic signal $x(t) = 3 + 2\cos \pi t$ and draw the spectrum. (06 Marks)
- c. Specify the Nyquist rate and Nyquist intervals for the following signals:
i) $x_1(t) = \sin C(200t)$
ii) $x_2(t) = \sin C^2(200t)$
iii) $x_3(t) = \sin C(200t) + \sin C^2(200t)$ (08 Marks)



- 7 a. Find Z-transform of given $x(n)$. Sketch ROC, poles and zeros of $x(z)$

$$x(n) = 3\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) - 2[3^n u(-n-1)] \quad (04 \text{ Marks})$$

- b. Determine the signal $x(n)$ whose z-transform is given by, $x(z) = \log(1 - az^{-1})$; $|z| > |a|$ by using properties of z-transform. (04 Marks)
- c. Find inverse z-transform of the following:

i) $x(z) = \frac{z}{3z^2 - 4z + 1}$; ROC : $|z| > 1$: Use partial fraction expansion method

ii) $x(z) = \frac{z}{2z^2 - 3z + 1}$; ROC : $|z| < \frac{1}{2}$: Use long division method. (08 Marks)

- d. Find $x(\infty)$ if $x(z)$ is given by,

i) $\frac{z+2}{(z-0.8)^2}$ ii) $\frac{z+1}{3(z-1)(z+0.9)}$ (04 Marks)

- 8 a. A causal system has input $x(n)$ and output $y(n)$. Find the impulse response of the system if,

$$x(n) = \delta(n) + \frac{1}{4} \delta(n-1) - \frac{1}{8} \delta(n-2)$$

$$y(n) = \delta(n) - \frac{3}{4} \delta(n-1). \quad (08 \text{ Marks})$$

- b. A LTI discrete time system is given by the system function $H(z) = \frac{3-4z^{-1}}{1-3.5z^{-1}+1.5z^{-2}}$

Specify the ROC of $H(z)$ and determine $h(n)$ for the following conditions:

- i) the system is stable
ii) the system is causal (06 Marks)

- c. Solve the following difference equation using unilateral z-transform for the given input and initial conditions.

$$y(n) + 3y(n-1) = x(n) \text{ with } x(n) = u(n) \text{ and } y(-1) = 1. \quad (06 \text{ Marks})$$

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