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15EC36

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Engineering Electromagnetics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Four point charges each $20\mu\text{C}$ are on x-y axes at $\pm 4\text{m}$. find the force on a $100\mu\text{C}$ point charge at $(0, 0, 3)\text{m}$. (06 Marks)
- b. Define electric field intensity (\vec{E}) and using Coulomb's law derives the expression for \vec{E} due to a point charge. (04 Marks)
- c. A line charge of density $\rho_l = 24 \text{ n c/m}$ is located in free space on the line $y = 1, z = 2$. Find electric field intensity \vec{E} at $P(6, -1, 3)$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Derive an expression for Electric field Intensity \vec{E} due to an infinite line charge of density $\rho_l \text{ c/m}$. (08 Marks)
- b. A point charge of $6\mu\text{C}$ is located at origin and a uniform line charge of density 180nc/m lies along x - axis,
 - i) Find electric flux density D at $(1, 2, 4)$
 - ii) Calculate the total electric flux leaving the surface of a sphere of 4m radius centered at origin. (08 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. A charge of Q coulombs is uniformly distributed throughout the volume of a sphere of radius ' R ' meters. Using Gauss law Find electric field intensity ' E ' everywhere. Plot the variation of E with radial distance. (08 Marks)
- b. Given that $D = \frac{5r^2}{4} \mathbf{a}_r$ in spherical co-ordinates evaluate both sides of Divergence Theorem for the volume enclosed between $r = 1\text{m}$ and $r = 2\text{m}$. (08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Find the work done in moving a $5\mu\text{C}$ point charge from origin to $p(2, -1, 4)$ through $E = 2xyz \mathbf{a}_x + x^2z \mathbf{a}_y + x^2y \mathbf{a}_z \text{ v/m}$ via the path
 - i) Straight line segment $(0, 0, 0)$ to $(2, 0, 0)$ to $(2, -1, 0)$ to $(2, -1, 4)$
 - ii) Straight line $x = -2y, z = 2x$. (10 Marks)
- b. Given potential function $V = 50x^2yz + 20y^2 \text{ V}$ in free space find
 - i) Voltage at $p(1, 2, -3)$
 - ii) E at P
 - iii) \mathbf{a}_N at P (06 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Using Laplace Equation derive the expression for capacitance of co-axial cylindrical capacitor. Assume the potential is a function of ' ρ ' only. The boundary condition are $V = 0$ at $\rho = b$ and $V = V_0$ at $\rho = a$ ($b > a$) (08 Marks)
- b. Conducting planes at $\phi = 10^\circ$ and $\phi = 0^\circ$ in cylindrical co-ordinates have voltages of 75V and 0 V respectively. Obtain the expression for Electric flux density 'D' in the region between the planes which contains a material for which $\epsilon_r = 1.65$. (08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Using Biot - Savart's law derive an expression for magnetic field intensity 'H' due to an infinite current carrying conductor at any point P. (08 Marks)
- b. In cylindrical co-ordinates magnetic field $H = (2\rho - \rho^2) a_\phi$ A/m. for $0 \leq \rho \leq 1$.
- i) Determine current density 'J'
- ii) What total current passes through a surface $z = 0, 0 \leq \rho \leq 1$. (08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Derive Lorentz force equation for a moving charge in both electric and magnetic fields. (04 Marks)
- b. The point charge $Q = 18nc$ has a velocity of 5×10^6 m/s in the direction $q_v = 0.60 a_x + 0.75 a_y + 0.30 a_z$. Calculate magnetic force exerted on the charge by
- i) $B = -3ax + 4ay + 6az$ MT
- ii) $E = -3ax + 4ay + 6az$ KV/m (06 Marks)
- c. The magnetization in a magnetic material for which $\chi_m = 8$ is given in a certain region as $150z^2 a_x$ A/m. At $z = 4cm$, find the magnitude of J and J_b . (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Derive the expression for boundary conditions for magnetic flux density B, magnetic field intensity H and magnetization M for both normal and tangential field. (08 Marks)
- b. Let $\mu_1 = 5 \mu H/m$ in region A where $x < 0$ and $\mu_2 = 20\mu H/m$ in region B where $x > 0$. If there is a surface current density $K = 150 a_y - 200 a_z$ A/m at $x = 0$ and if $H_A = 300 a_x + 400a_y + 500a_z$ A/m find (i) $|H_{tA}|$ (ii) $|H_{nA}|$ (iii) $|H_{tB}|$ (iv) $|H_{nB}|$ (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. What was the inconsistency of Ampere's law with continuity equation? How was it modified by Maxwell? (06 Marks)
- b. Show that the displacement current in the dielectric of parallel plate capacitor is equal to conduction current between the two plates. (04 Marks)
- c. Given $E = E_m \sin(\omega t - \beta z) a_y$ V/m in free space find, D, B and H. (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Show that the intrinsic impedance defined as $\eta = \frac{|E|}{|H|}$ is equal to $\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}}$ for a perfect dielectric and hence prove that for free space $\eta = 377\Omega$. (08 Marks)
- b. A wave propagation in a lossless dielectric has the components
 $E = 500 \cos(10^7 t - \beta z) a_x$ V/m
 $H = 1.1 \cos(10^7 t - \beta z) a_y$ A/m
If the wave is travelling at $v = 0.5C$, where 'C' is velocity of light in free space find $\mu_r, \epsilon_r, \beta, \lambda$. (08 Marks)