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10ES36

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019
Field Theory

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. State and explain Coulomb's law. Four concentrated charges are located at the vertices of a plane rectangle as shown in Fig.Q1(a). Find the magnitude and direction of resultant force on Q1. (10 Marks)

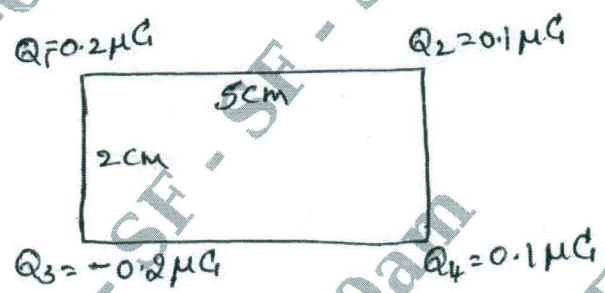


Fig.Q1(a)

- b. State and explain Gauss law. Derive an equation to convert the surface integral of the normal component over a closed surface into its volume integral of any other differential form [Divergence form]. (10 Marks)
- 2 a. Derive an equation for potential at any point along the axis of uniformly charged line. (08 Marks)
 b. Derive an equation for the capacitance of an co-axial cable. (04 Marks)
 c. Find the work done in moving a $5\mu\text{C}$ charge from the origin to $P(2, -1, 4)$ through the field $\vec{E} = 2xyz \vec{a}_x + x^2z \vec{a}_y + x^2y \vec{a}_z$ V/m via the path.
 i) straight line segments $(0, 0, 0)$ to $(2, 0, 0)$ to $(2, -1, 0)$ to $(2, -1, 4)$
 ii) straight line $x = -2y; z = 2x$
 iii) curve $x = -2y^3, z = 4y^2$. (08 Marks)
- 3 a. State prove the uniqueness theorem. (10 Marks)
 b. Prove that, at the boundary of two perfect dielectric materials ϵ_1 and ϵ_2 D_1 is incident at an angle θ_1 with respect to normal to the boundary surface as :

$$D_2 = D_1 \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta_1 + (\epsilon_2 / \epsilon_1)^2 \sin^2 \theta_1}$$
 (05 Marks)
 c. Derive the junction potential of a P-N junction from the Poisson's equation. (05 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.



- 4 a. Derive an expression for \vec{H} at any point in cylindrical system due to filamentary conductor carrying a current I on the z - axis from $-\infty < z < \infty$. (04 Marks)
- b. Find the incremental field $\vec{\Delta H}_2$ at P_2 caused by a source at P_1 at $I_1 \vec{\Delta L}_1 =$
- i) $2\pi \vec{a}_z \mu\text{Am}$, given $P_1(4,0,0)$ and $P_2(0,3,0)$
 - ii) $2\pi \vec{a}_z \mu\text{Am}$, given $P_1(4,-2,3)$ and $P_2(0,3,0)$
 - iii) $2\pi(0.6\vec{a}_x - 0.8\vec{a}_y) \mu\text{Am}$, given $P_1(4,-2,3)$ and $P_2(1,3,2)$. (06 Marks)
- c. Given $\vec{H} = y^2z \vec{a}_x + 2(x+1)yz \vec{a}_y - (x+1)z^2 \vec{a}_z$
- i) Find $\oint \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{L}$ around the square path going from $P(0, 2, 0)$ to $A(0, 2 + b, 0)$ to $B(0, 2 + b, b)$ to $C(0, 2, b)$ to P
 - ii) Evaluate $\oint \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{L}$ for $b = 0.1$
 - iii) Find $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H}$
 - iv) Evaluate $\left(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} \right)_x$ at P
 - v) Show that $\left(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} \right)_x = \frac{\oint \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{L}}{\Delta S}$. (10 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Derive the boundary conditions for normal and tangential components of 2 isotropic homogeneous linear materials with permeability μ_1 and μ_2 in a magnetic field. (10 Marks)
- b. If $\vec{B} = 0.05x \vec{a}_y$ T in a material for which $\chi_m = 2.5$, find : i) μ_R ii) μ iii) \vec{H} iv) \vec{M} v) \vec{J} . (10 Marks)
- 6 a. From Ampere's circuit law, derive an expression for Maxwell's second equation in integral form. (08 Marks)
- b. List all the Maxwell's relations for time varying and static conditions both in point and integral form. (04 Marks)
- c. Derive the relation for ratio of magnitude of conduction current density to the displacement current density. (04 Marks)
- d. A perfectly conducting filament containing a small 500Ω resistor is formed into a square, find $I(t)$ if $\vec{B} = 0.2 \cos 120\pi t \vec{a}_z$ T. (04 Marks)



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- 7 a. State and prove Poynting theorem. (10 Marks)
b. Discuss briefly skin depth and skin effect. (04 Marks)
c. A wave propagating in a lossless dielectric has the components :

$$\vec{E} = 500 \cos[10^7 t - \beta z] \vec{a}_x \text{ V/m}$$

$$\vec{H} = 1.1 \cos[10^7 t - \beta z] \vec{a}_y \text{ A/m}$$

If the wave is travelling at $v = 0.5c$, find :

- i) μ_r ii) ϵ_r iii) β iv) λ v) z .

(06 Marks)

- 8 a. Show that $\frac{P_{t \text{ avg}}}{P_{i \text{ avg}}} = \frac{4\eta_2\eta_1}{[\eta_1 + \eta_2]^2}$ and

$$P_{r \text{ avg}} + P_{t \text{ avg}} = P_{i \text{ avg}}$$

Where,

$P_{r \text{ avg}}$ is average reflected power

$P_{t \text{ avg}}$ is, A power of transmitted wave in average

$P_{i \text{ avg}}$ is power of incident wave in average

η_1 is intrinsic impedance of medium 1

η_2 is intrinsic impedance of medium 2.

(12 Marks)

- b. A radio station transmits power radially around the spherical region. The desired electrical field intensity at a distance of 10 km from the station is 1mV/m. Calculate the corresponding H, P and station power. (08 Marks)
