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Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019
Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. For the circuit shown in Fig Q1(a) find the mesh current I3.

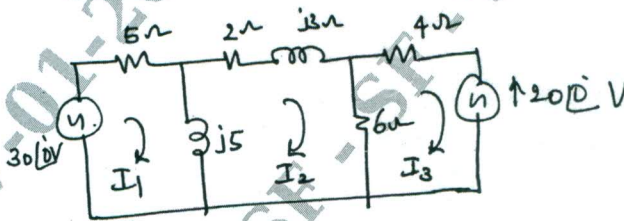


Fig Q1(a)

(06 Marks)

- b. Using node voltage analysis find the currents in each branch of the network shown in Fig Q1(b).

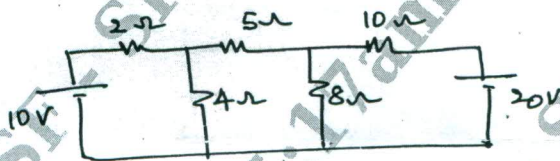


Fig Q1(b)

(07 Marks)

- c. Find the resistance between the terminals A and B in the circuit shown in Fig Q1(c)

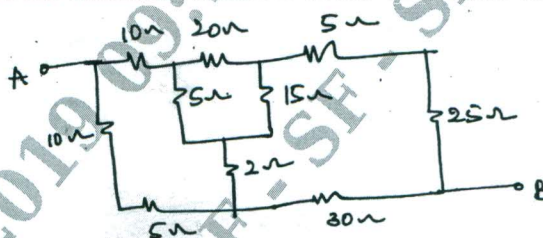


Fig Q1 (c)

(07 Marks)

- 2 a. Define the following terms with respect to the network topology. i) True ii) Graph iii) Co-tree iv) Tieset v) Cutset (10 Marks)
b. In the network shown in Fig Q2(b) consider branches 1, 3, 4 forming a tree. Write tie set schedule and hence write equilibrium equation on loop current basis and find the values of loop currents.

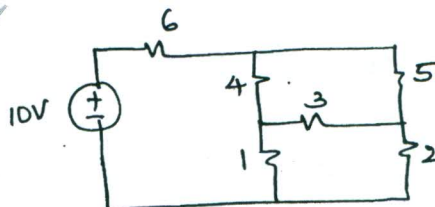


Fig Q2(b)

(10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.



10ES34

- 3 a. State and explain (i) Reciprocity theorem (ii) Millman's theorem as applied to electrical circuits. (10 Marks)
- b. By using superposition theorem, find the current through  $R_L = 7.5\Omega$  in the network shown in Fig Q3(b).

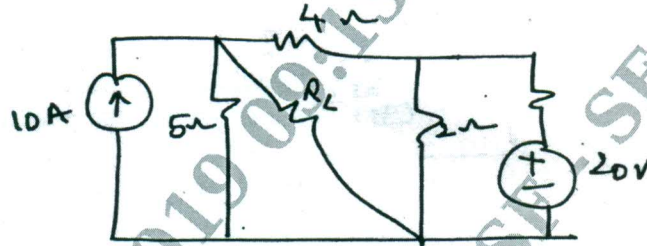


Fig Q3(b)

(10 Marks)

- 4 a. Determine the current through  $1\Omega$  resistor connected across AB in the network shown in Fig Q4(a) using Norton's theorem.

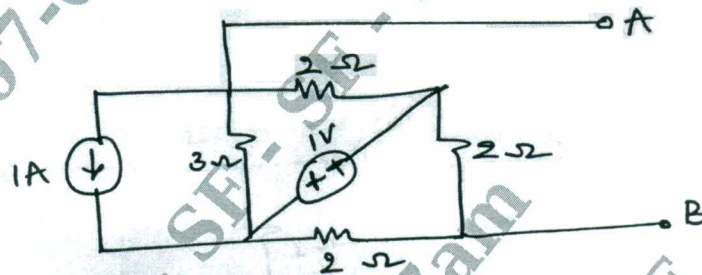


Fig Q4(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. State and explain Thevenin's theorem. (04 Marks)
- c. Find the value of  $R$  for which the power transferred across AB of the circuit shown in Fig Q4(c) is maximum and the maximum power transferred.

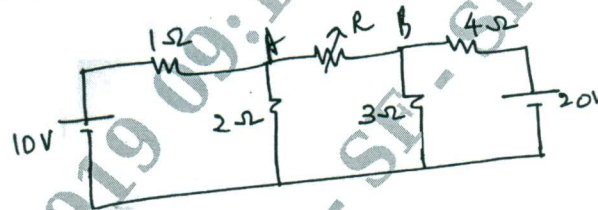


Fig Q4(c)

(08 Marks)

**PART - B**

- 5 a. An RLC series circuit has a resistance of  $10\Omega$ , a capacitance of  $100\mu\text{F}$  and a variable inductance.
- Find the value of the inductance of which the voltage across the resistance is maximum
  - Q factor
  - Voltage drops across  $R$ ,  $L$  and  $C$ .
- The applied voltage is  $230\text{V}$ ,  $50\text{Hz}$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Give the comparison between series resonance and parallel resonance. (06 Marks)
- c. Derive an expression for the resonance frequency of a resonant circuit consisting of  $R_L$ ,  $L$  in parallel with  $R_L$ ,  $C$ . draw the frequency response curve of the above circuit, indicating the half power frequencies (08 Marks)



- 6 a. In the network of Fig Q6(a), the switch K is closed at  $t = 0$ , with the capacitor uncharged. Find the values of  $i$ ,  $\frac{d_i}{dt}$ ,  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ , for elements  $V = 100V$ ,  $R = 1000\Omega$ ,  $C = 1\mu F$ . (10 Marks)

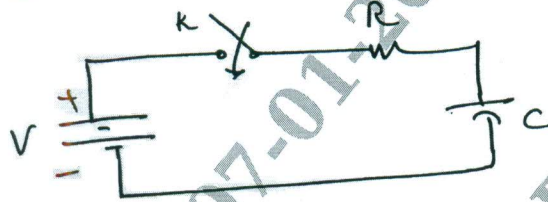


Fig Q6(a)

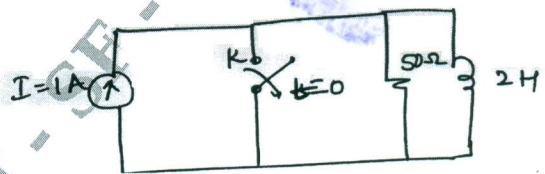


Fig Q6(b)

(10 Marks)

- 7 a. In the circuit shown in Fig Q7(a), the switch is closed at  $t = 0$ . Calculate the expression of the resulting currents using Laplace transform.

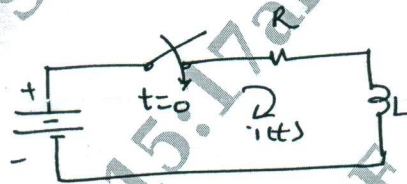


Fig Q7(a)

(10 Marks)

- b. Use initial and final value theorem to find  $f(0)$  and  $f(\infty)$  for the following

i)  $f(s) = \frac{s^3 + 7s^2 + 5}{s(s^3 + 3s^2 + 4s + 2)}$

ii)  $f(s) = \frac{e^{2s}(s + 2)}{s^2 + 5}$

(10 Marks)

- 8 a. Find Y parameters for the network shown in Fig Q8(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. Determine the ABCD parameters for the network shown in Fig Q8(b).

(12 Marks)

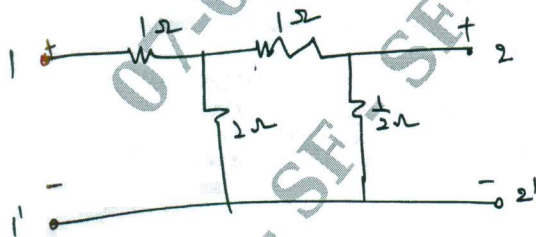


Fig Q8(a)

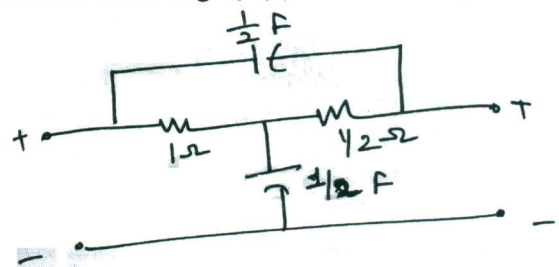


Fig Q8(b)

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