COMPUTER AIDED ENGINEERING DRAWING

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - I/II

Subject Code : 15CED14/15CED24 IA Marks : 20 Hours/Week : 6 (2T + 4L) Exam Marks : 80 Total Hours : 84 Exam Hours : 03

CREDITS : 04

Course objectives:

Engineering drawing is an important tool for all Engineers and for many others professionals. It is the language of Engineers. Engineering Drawing communicates all needed information from the engineer who designed a part to the workers who will manufacture it.

The aim of the subject is to equip students with the fundamentals of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing and to further the ability to communicate information by graphical means.

Module -1

Introduction to Computer Aided Sketching:

Introduction, Drawing Instruments and their uses, BIS conventions, Lettering, Dimensioning and free hand practicing. Computer screen, layout of the software, standard tool bar/menus and description of most commonly used tool bars, navigational tools. Co-ordinate system and reference planes. of HP, VP, RPP & LPP. of 2D/3D environment. Selection of drawing size and scale. Commands and creation of Lines, Co-ordinate points, axes, polylines, square, rectangle, polygons, splines, circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet, curves, constraints viz. tangency, parallelism, inclination and perpendicularity. Dimensioning, line conventions, material conventions and lettering.

Module -2

Orthographic projections: Introduction, Definitions - Planes of projection, reference line and conventions employed, Projections of points in all the four quadrants, Projections of straight lines (located in First quadrant/first angle only), True and apparent lengths, True and apparent inclinations to reference planes (No application problems).

Orthographic Projections of Plane Surfaces (First Angle Projection Only):

Introduction, Definitions-projections of plane surfaces-triangle, square, rectangle, rhombus, pentagon, hexagon and circle, planes in different positions by change of position method only (No problems on punched plates and composite plates).

20-Hours

Module-3

Projections of Solids (First angle Projection only):

Introduction, Definitions-Projections of right regular tetrahedron, hexahedron (cube), prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones in different positions (No problems on octahedrons and combination solid).

28-Hours

Module-4

Sections and Development of Lateral Surfaces of Solids:

Introduction, Section planes, Sections, Section views, Sectional views, Apparent shapes and True shapes of Sections of right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones resting with base on HP. (No problems on sections of solids)

Development of lateral surfaces of above solids, their frustums and truncations. (No problems on lateral surfaces of trays, tetrahedrons, spheres and transition pieces).

15-Hours

Module-5

Isometric Projection (Using Isometric Scale Only):

Introduction, Isometric scale, Isometric projection of simple plane figures, Isometric projection of tetrahedron, hexahedron(cube), right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones, spheres, cut spheres and combination of solids (Maximum of three solids).

15-Hours

Course outcomes: After studying this course,

- Students will be able to demonstrate the usage of CAD software.
- Students will be able to visualize and draw Orthographic projections, Sections of solids and Isometric views of solids.
- Students are evaluated for their ability in applying various concepts to solve practical problems related to engineering drawing.

Question paper pattern:

- 1. Module -1 is only for practice and Internal Assessment and not for examination.
- Question paper for each batch of students will be sent online by VTU and
 has to be downloaded before the commencement of Examination of each
 batch. The answer sheets will have to be jointly evaluated by the Internal
 & External examiners.
- 3. A maximum of **THREE** questions will be set as per the following pattern (No mixing of questions from different Modules).

Q. No.	From Chapters	Marks Allotted
1	Module 2(Choice between	25
2	(Points+Lines or Planes) Module 3	30
3	Module 4 or Module 5	25
	Total	80

Q. No.	Solutions and Sketching in the Graph Book	Computer Display and Printout	Total Marks
1	10	15	25
2	12	18	30
3	13	12	25
Total Marks	35	45	80

Students have to submit the computer printouts and the sketches drawn on the graph sheets at the end of the examination. Both Internal & External examiners have to jointly evaluate the solutions (sketches) and computer display & printouts of each student for 80 marks (35 marks for solutions & sketches + 45 marks for computer display and printouts) and submit the marks list along with the solution (sketches) on graph sheets & computer printouts in separate covers.

- 4. Each batch must consist of a minimum of 10 students and a maximum of 12 students.
- 5. Examination can be conducted in parallel batches, if necessary.

Text Books:

 "Engineering Drawing" - N.D. Bhatt & V.M. Panchal, 48th edition, 2005- Charotar Publishing House, Gujarat. 2. "Computer Aided Engineering Drawing" by Dr. M H Annaiah, Dr. C N Chandrappa and Dr. B Sudheer Premkumar, Fifth edition, New Age International Publishers.

Reference Books:

- 1. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing S. Trymbaka Murthy, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 3rd revised edition- 2006.
- 2. **Engineering Graphics** K.R. Gopalakrishna, 32nd edition, 2005-Subash Publishers, Bangalore.
- 3. Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an Introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production-Luzadder Warren J., Duff John M., Eastern Economy Edition, 2005- Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. A Primer on Computer Aided Engineering Drawing-2006, Published by VTU, Belgaum.

BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - I/II

Subject Code: 15ELE15/15ELE25 IA Marks: 20 Hours/Week: 04 Exam Marks: 80 Total Hours: 50 Exam Hours: 03 CREDITS: 04

Course objectives:

 Impart a basic knowledge of electrical quantities such as current, voltage, power, energy and frequency to understand the impact of technology in a global and societal context.

- Provide working knowledge for the analysis of basic DC and AC circuits used in electrical and electronic devices.
- Develop selection skill to identify the type of generators or motors required for particular application.
- Highlight the importance of transformers in transmission and distribution of electric power.
- Emphasize the effects of electric shock and precautionary measures.
- Improve the ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams.

Module -1

D C Circuits: Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws, analysis of series, parallel and series- parallel circuits excited by independent voltage sources. Power and Energy. Illustrative examples.

5-Hours

Electromagnetism: Review of field around a conductor and coil, magnetic flux and flux density, magnetomotive force and magnetic field intensity, reluctance and permeability, definition of magnetic circuit and basic analogy between electric and magnetic circuits. (These topics are not to be considered for setting the examination questions).

Electromagnetic induction: Definition of Electromagnetic Induction, Faradays Laws, Fleming's right hand rule, Lenz's Law, Statically and dynamically induced emf. Self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling. Energy stored in magnetic field. Illustrative examples. Force on current carrying conductor placed in a magnetic field, Fleming's left hand rule.

5- Hours

Module -2

DC Machines: Working principle of DC machine as a generator and a motor. Types and constructional features. Types of armature windings, Emf equation of generator, relation between induced emf and terminal voltage with a mention of brush contact drop and drop due to armature reaction. Illustrative examples, neglecting armature reaction. Operation of DC motor, back emf, torque equation. Types of DC motors, characteristics and applications. Significance of back emf. Necessity of a starter for DC motor. Illustrative examples on back emf and torque.

7- Hours

Measuring Instruments: Construction and Principle of operation of dynamometer type wattmeter and single phase induction type energy meter.

3-Hours

Module -3

Single-phase AC circuits: Generation of sinusoidal voltage, frequency of generated voltage, definition and numerical values of average value, root mean square value, form factor and peak factor of sinusoidally varying quantities, phasor representation of alternating quantities. Analysis, with phasor diagrams, of R, L, C, R-L, R-C and R-L-C circuits and, parallel and series- parallel circuits. Real power, reactive power, apparent power and power factor. Illustrative examples.

7-Hours

Domestic wiring: Service mains, meter board and distribution board. Brief discussion on concealed conduit wiring. Two-way and three-way control. Elementary discussion on Circuit protective devices: fuse and Miniature Circuit Breaker (MCB's). Electric shock, precautions against shock, Objectives of Earthing, types of earthing; pipe and plate earthing, Residual current circuit breaker (RCCB).

3-Hours

Module-4

Three Phase Circuits: Necessity and advantages of three phase systems, generation of three phase power. Definition of Phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load. Relationship between line and phase values of

balanced star and delta connections. Power in balanced three-phase circuits, measurement of power by two-wattmeter method. Determination power factor using wattmeter readings. Illustrative examples.

6-Hours

Three Phase Synchronous Generators: Principle of operation, Types and constructional features, Advantages of rotating field type alternator, Synchronous speed, Frequency of generated voltage, Emf equation. Concept of winding factor (excluding the derivation of distribution and pitch factors). Illustrative examples on calculation of distribution factor, pitch factor and emf equation.

4-Hours

Module-5

Single Phase Transformers: Necessity of transformer, Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types). Emf equation, losses, variation losses with respect to load, efficiency, Condition for maximum efficiency, Voltage regulation and its significance (Open Circuit and Short circuit tests, equivalent circuit and phasor diagrams are excluded). Illustrative problems on emf equation and efficiency only.

6-Hours

Three Phase Induction Motors: Principle of operation, Concept and production of rotating magnetic field, Synchronous speed, rotor speed, Slip, Frequency of the rotor induced emf, Types and Constructional features. Slip and its significance. Applications of squirrel - cage and slip - ring motors. Necessity of a starter, starting of motor using stars-delta starter. Illustrative examples on slip calculations.

4-Hours

Course outcomes:

After the completion of the course, the student should be able

- To predict the behaviour of electrical and magnetic circuits.
- Select the type of generator / motor required for a particular application.
- Realize the requirement of transformers in transmission and distribution of electric power and other applications.
- Practice Electrical Safety Rules & standards.
- To function on multi-disciplinary teams.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 16 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Text Books

1	Basic Electrical Engineering	D. C. Kulshreshtha	тмн	1 st Edition, Revised
2	Electrical Technology	Edward Hughes	Pearson	10th Edition, 2014
	Reference Books			
3	Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering	Rajendra Prasad	РНІ	Third Edition 2014
4	Basic Electrical Engineering	AbhijitChakrabarti, Chandan Kumar Chanda, Sudiptanath	ТМН,	1st Edition 2010
5	Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics	B. L. Theraja	S. Chand & Company Ltd	Reprint Edition 2013

BASIC ELECTRONICS

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - I/II

Subject Code: 15ELN15/15ELN25 IA Marks : 20 Hours/Week : 04 Exam Marks : 80 Total Hours : 50 Exam Hours : 03

CREDITS: 04

Course Objectives:

The course objective is to make students of all the branches of Engineering to understand the efficacy of Electronic principles which are pervasive in engineering applications

Module -1

Semiconductor Diodes and Applications (Text-1): p-n junction diode, Characteristics and Parameters, Diode approximations, DC load line analysis, Half-wave rectifier, Two-diode Full-wave rectifier, Bridge rectifier, Capacitor filter circuit (only qualitative approch), Zener diode voltage regulators: Regulator circuit with no load, Loaded Regulator. Numerical examples as applicable.

6-Hours

Bipolar Junction Transistors : BJT operation, BJT Voltages and Currents, BJT amplification, Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector Characteristics, Numerical examples as applicable.

4-Hours

Module -2

BJT Biasing (Text-1): DC Load line and Bias Point, Base Bias, Voltage divider Bias, Numerical examples as applicable.

4-Hours

Introduction to Operational Amplifiers (Text-2): Ideal OPAMP, Inverting and Non Inverting OPAMP circuits, OPAMP applications: voltage follower, addition, subtraction, integration, differentiation; Numerical examples as applicable.

6-Hours

Module - 3

Digital Electronics (Text-2): Introduction, Switching and Logic Levels, Digital Waveform (Sections 9.1to 9.3). Number Systems: Decimal Number System, Binary Number System, Converting Decimal to Binary, Hexadecimal Number System: Converting Binary to Hexadecimal, Hexadecimal to Binary, Converting Hexadecimal to Decimal, Converting Decimal to Hexadecimal, Octal Numbers: Binary to Octal Conversion. Complement of Binary Numbers. Boolean Algebra Theorems, De Morgan's theorem. Digital Circuits: Logic gates, NOT Gate, AND Gate, OR Gate, XOR Gate, NAND Gate, NOR Gate, X-NOR Gate. Algebraic Simplification, NAND and NOR Implementation (Sections 11.7 and 11.8): NAND Implementation, NOR Implementation. Half adder, Full adder.

10-Hours

Module-4

Flip-Flops (Text-2): Introduction to Flip-Flops (Section 12.1), NAND Gate Latch/ NOR Gate Latch, RS Flip-Flop, Gated Flip-Flops: Clocked RS Flip-Flop (Sections 12.3 to 12.5).

5-Hours

Microcontrollers (Ref.1): Introduction to Microcontrollers, 8051 Microcontroller Architecture and an example of Microcontroller based stepper motor control system (only Block Diagram approach).

5-Hours

Module-5

Communication Systems (Text-2): Introduction, Elements of Communication Systems, Modulation: Amplitude Modulation, Spectrum Power, AM Detection (Demodulation), Frequency and Phase Modulation. Amplitude and Frequency Modulation: A comparison.

6-Hours

Transducers (**Text-2**): Introduction, Passive Electrical Transducers, Resistive Transducers, Resistance Thermometers, Thermistor.Linear Variable Differential Transformer (LVDT). Active Electrical Transducers, Piezoelectric Transducer, Photoelectric Transducer.

4-Hours

Course outcomes:

After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Appreciate the significance of electronics in different applications,
- Understand the applications of diode in rectifiers, filter circuits and wave shaping,
- Apply the concept of diode in rectifiers, filters circuits
- Design simple circuits like amplifiers (inverting and non inverting), comparators, adders, integrator and differentiator using OPAMPS,
- Compile the different building blocks in digital electronics using logic gates and implement simple logic function using basic universal gates, and
- Understand the functioning of a communication system, and different modulation technologies, and
- Understand the basic principles of different types of Transuducers.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 16 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

- David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Oxford University Press, 5th Edition, 2008.
- D.P. Kothari, I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electronics", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2014.

Reference Books:

MuhammadAli Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded. Systems. Using Assembly and C." Second Edition, 2011, Pearson India.

WORKSHOP PRACTICE

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - I/II

Subject Code: 15WSL16/15WSL26

Hours/Week: 3 (1 hr Tutorial IA Marks : 20

+ 2 hrs lab) Exam Marks : 80

Total Hours: 42 Exam Hours: 03

CREDITS: 02

Course objectives:

 To impart knowledge and skill to use tools, machines, equipment, and measuring instruments.

Educate students of Safe handling of machines and tools.

Module -1

- Use of Hand Tools: V-block, Marking Gauge, Files, Hack Saw, Drills, Taps and Minimum 3 models involving Dove tail joint, Triangular joint and Semicircular joint.
- 2. Welding: Study of electric arc welding tools & equipments, Models: Butt Joint, Lap Joint, T joint & L-joint.
- Sheet Metal & Soldering Work: Development & Soldering of the models: Tray, Frustum of cone, Prism(Hexagon & Pentagon), Truncated Square Pyramid, Funnel.
- 4. Study & Demonstration of power tools in Mechanical Engineering.

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate and produce different types of fitting models.
- Gain knowledge of development of sheet metal models with an understanding of their applications.
- Perform soldering and welding of different sheet metal & welded joints.
- 4. Understand the Basics of Workshop practices.

Scheme of Examination:

Fitting Model / Sheet Metal Work : 40 Marks
Welding : 20 Marks
Viva Voce : 20 Marks
Total : 80 Marks

Ref Books: Elements of Workshop Technology:Vol I:Manufacturing Processes, S K Hajra. Choudhury, A K. Hajra Choudhury,15th Edition Reprinted 2013,Media Promoters &Publishers Pvt Ltd., Mumbai.

Note: No mini drafters and drawing boards required. Drawings (Developments) can be doneon sketch sheets using scale, pencil and Geometrical Instruments

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LABORATORY

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - I/II

Subject code : 15CPL 16/15CPL26 IA Marks : 20 Hours/Week : 3 (1 hr Tutorial + 2 hrs lab) Exam Marks : 80 Total Hours : 48 Exam Hours : 03 CREDITS : 02

Course objectives: To provide basic principles C programming language. To provide design & develop of C programming skills. To provide practical exposures like designing flowcharts, algorithms, how to debug programs etc.

Descriptions (if any): Demonstration of Personal Computer and its Accessories: Demonstration and Explanation on Disassembly and Assembly of a Personal Computer by the faculty-in-charge. Students have to prepare a write-up on the same and include it in the Lab record and evaluated.

Laboratory Session-1: Write-up on Functional block diagram of Computer, CPU, Buses, Mother Board, Chip sets, Operating System & types of OS, Basics of Networking & Topology and NIC.

Laboratory Session-2: Write-up on RAM, SDRAM, FLASH memory, Hard disks, Optical media, CD-ROM/R/RW, DVDs, Flash drives, Keyboard, Mouse, Printers and Plotters. Introduction to flowchart, algorithm and pseudo code.

Note: These TWO Laboratory sessions are used to fill the gap between theory classes and practical sessions. Both sessions are to be evaluated as lab experiments.

Laboratory Experiments:

Implement the following programs with WINDOWS / LINUX platform using appropriate C compiler.

- 1. Design and develop a flowchart or an algorithm that takes three coefficients (a, b, and c) of a Quadratic equation $(ax^2+bx+c=0)$ as input and compute all possible roots. Implement a C program for the developed flowchart/algorithm and execute the same to output the possible roots for a given set of coefficients with appropriate messages.
- Design and develop an algorithm to find the reverse of an integer number NUM and check whether it is PALINDROME or NOT. Implement a C program for the developed algorithm that takes an

integer number as input and output the reverse of the same with suitable messages. Ex: Num: 2014, Reverse: 4102, Not a Palindrome

3.

- a. Design and develop a flowchart to find the square root of a given number N. Implement a C program for the same and execute for all possible inputs with appropriate messages. Note: Don't use library function sqrt(n).
- b. Design and develop a C program to read a year as an input and find whether it is leap year or not. Also consider end of the centuries.
- 4. Design and develop an algorithm to evaluate polynomial $f(x) = a_4 x^4 + a_3 x^3 + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$, for a given value of x and its coefficients using Horner's method. Implement a C program for the same and execute the program with different set of values of coefficients and x.
- 5. Draw the flowchart and Write a C Program to compute Sin(x) using Taylor series approximation given by $Sin(x) = x (x^3/3!) + (x^5/5!) (x^7/7!) + \dots$ Compare your result with the built- in Library function. Print both the results with appropriate messages.
- 6. Develop an algorithm, implement and execute a C program that reads N integer numbers and arrange them in ascending order using **Bubble Sort**.
- 7. Develop, implement and execute a C program that reads two matrices A ($m \times n$) and B ($p \times q$) and Compute product of matrices A and B. Read matrix A and matrix B in row major order and in column major order respectively. Print both the input matrices and resultant matrix with suitable headings and output should be in matrix format only. Program must check the compatibility of orders of the matrices for multiplication. Report appropriate message in case of incompatibility.
- 8. Develop, implement and execute a C program to search a Name in a list of names using *Binary searching* Technique.
- 9. Write and execute a C program that
 - i. Implements string copy operation *STRCOPY* (str1,str2) that copies a string *str1* to another string *str2* without using library function.

1

ii. Read a *sentence* and print frequency of vowels and total count of consonants.

results with suitable headings.

b. Design and develop a C function isprime(num) that accepts an integer argument and returns 1 if the argument is prime, a 0 otherwise. Write a C program that invokes this function to generate prime numbers between the given range.

- 11. Draw the flowchart and write a **recursive** C function to find the factorial of a number, n!, defined by fact(n)=1, if n=0. Otherwise fact(n)=n*fact(n-1). Using this function, write a C program to compute the binomial coefficient ${}_{n}C_{r}$. Tabulate the results for different values of n and r with suitable messages.
- 12. Given two university information files "studentname.txt" and "usn.txt" that contains students Name and USN respectively. Write a C program to create a new file called "output.txt" and copy the content of files "studentname.txt" and "usn.txt" into output file in the sequence shown below. Display the contents of output file "output.txt" on to the screen.

Student Name	USN	YI. I
Name 1	USN1	Heading
Name 2	USN2	

- 13. Write a C program to maintain a record of **n** student details using an array of structures with four fields (Roll number, Name, Marks, and Grade). Assume appropriate data type for each field. Print the marks of the student, given the student name as input.
- 14. Write a C program using pointers to compute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of n real numbers.

Course Outcomes:

- Gaining Knowledge on various parts of a computer.
- Able to draw flowcharts and write algorithms
- Able design and development of C problem solving skills.
- Able design and develop modular programming skills.
 Able to trace and debug a program

Conduction of Practical Examination:

- 1. All laboratory experiments (nos) are to be included for practical
- 2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks
- 4. Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - I/II

Subject code : 15PHYL17/15PHYL27 IA Marks : 20 Hours/Week : 3 (1 hr Tutorial + 2 hrs lab) Exam Marks : 80 Total Hours : 48 Exam Hours : 03

CREDITS : 02

Course Objectives:

- The Objective of this course is to make the students gain practical knowledge to co-relate with the theoretical studies. To achieve perfectness in experimental skills and the study of practical applications will bring more confidence and ability to develop and fabricate engineering and technical equipments.
- Design of circuits using new technology and latest components and to develop practical applications of engineering materials and use of principle in the right way to implement the modern technology.

Experiments:

- Black box experiment; Identification of unknown passive electrical components and determine the value of Inductance and Capacitance
- 2. Series and parallel LCR Circuits (Determination of resonant frequency and quality factor)
- 3. I-V Characteristics of Zener Diode. (determination of knee voltage, zener voltage and forward resistance)
- Characteristics of Transistor (Study of Input and Output characteristics and calculation of input resistance, output resistance and amplification factor)
- 5. Photo Diode Characteristics (Study of I-V characteristics in reverse bias and variation of photocurrent as a function of reverse voltage and intensity).
- 6. Dielectric constant (Measurement of dielectric constant).
- 7. Diffraction (Measurement of wavelength of laser source using diffraction grating).
- 8. Torsional pendulum (Determination of M.I. of wire and Rigidity modulus).
- Determination of Fermi energy. (Measurement of Fermi energy in copper).
- Uniform Bending Experiment (Determination of Youngs modulus of material bar).

- 11. Newtons Rings, (Determination of radius of curvature of plano convex lens).
- 12. Verification of Stefan's Law.

Course Outcomes:

On Completion of this course, students are able to -

- Develop skills to impart practical knowledge in real time solution.
- Understand principle, concept, working and application of new technology and comparison of results with theoretical calculations.
- Design new instruments with practical knowledge.
- Gain knowledge of new concept in the solution of practical oriented problems and to understand more deep knowledge about the solution to theoretical problems.
- Understand measurement technology, usage of new instruments and real time applications in engineering studies.

Note:

- 1) All the above twelve experiments are to be conducted
- 2) Two experiments are to be performed by the students in the examination

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2015 -2016)

SEMESTER - I/II

Subject code : 15CHEL17/15CHEL27 IA Marks : 20 Hours/Week : 3 (1 hr Tutorial + 2 hrs lab) Exam Marks : 80 Total Hours : 50 Exam Hours : 03 CREDITS : 02

Course objectives:

 To provide students with practical knowledge of quantitative analysis of materials by classical and instrumental methods for developing experimental skills in building technical competence.

Instrumental Experiments:

- 1. Estimation of FAS potentiometrically using standard K₂Cr₂O₇ solution.
- 2. Estimation of Copper colorimetrically.
- 3. Estimation of Acids in acid mixture conductometrically.
- 4. Determination of pKa of weak acid using pH meter.
- 5. Determination of Viscosity co-efficient of the given liquid using Ostwald's viscometer.
- 6. Estimation of Sodium and Potassium in the given sample of water using Flame Photometer.

Volumetric Experiments:

- 1. Estimation of Total hardness of water by EDTA complexometric method.
- 2. Estimation of CaO in cement solution by rapid EDTA method.
- 3. Determination of percentage of Copper in brass using standard sodium thiosulphate solution.
- 4. Estimation of Iron in haematite ore solution using standard K₂Cr₂O₇ solution by External Indicator method.
- 5. Estimation of Alkalinity (OH, CO₃ & HCO₃) of water using standard HCl solution.
- 6. Determination of COD of waste water.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, students will have the knowledge in,

- Handling different types of instruments for analysis of materials using small quantities of materials involved for quick and accurate results, and
- Carrying out different types of titrations for estimation of concerned in materials using comparatively more quantities of materials involved for good results.

Conduction of Practical Examination:

- 1. All experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. One instrumental and another volumetric experiments shall be set.
- 3. Different experiments shall be set under instrumental and a common experiment under volumetric.

Reference Books:

- 1. G.H.Jeffery, J.Bassett, J.Mendham and R.C.Denney, "Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis"
- 2. O.P.Vermani & Narula, "Theory and Practice in Applied Chemistry", New Age International Publisers.
- 3. Gary D. Christian, "Analytical chemistry", 6th Edition, Wiley India.
